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Events after the Hijrah of Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم)

Translated by Aboo Talhah Daawood ibn Ronald Burbank (رَحِمَهُ اللهُ)

بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

1st year of the Hijrah:

Safar:

: (Before the arrival of the Prophet (صلى الله عليه و سلم) in al-Madeenah): the death of al-Baraa. ibn Ma`roor (one of the leaders of the people who gave the second pledge of al-`Aqabah).

The Hijrah to al-Madeenah.

Rabee`ul-Awwal:

: (12th) Arrival in al-Madeenah, settling in Qubaa. in the house of Kulthoom ibn al-Hidm, until the day of Jumu`ah when he (ملى الله عليه و سلم) proceeded to the place of Banoo Saalim ibn `Awf in the valley of Raanoonaa. where he led them in the Jumu`ah prayer; then he (سلى الله عليه و سلم) proceeded to the place of Banun-Najjaar and settled in the house of Aboo Ayyoob.

: 'Abdullaah ibn Salaam accepts Islaam.

: The birth of `Abdullaah ibn az-Zubayr.

: The death of Kulthoom ibn-Hidm.

: The building of the mosque and the apartments for the Prophet (صلى الله عليه و سلم) and his wives.

Rabee`ul-Aakhir:

: Increase in the residence Prayer.

The Companions suffer from the fever found in al-Madeenah.

Brotherhood established between the Muhaajireen and the Ansaar.

The Zakaat established [upon the saying of the majority].

Ramadaan:

: The expedition of Hamzah towards the coast to attack a caravan of Aboo Jahl.

Shawwaal:

: The expedition of `Ubaydah ibn al-Haarith against a party of Quraysh.

(Some mention these two expeditions in the events of Rabee'ul-Aakhir in the following year.)

: The death of As`ad ibn Zuraarah, who gave both of the pledges of al-`Aqabah.

Dhul-Qa`dah:

: The raid of Sa`d ibn Abee Waqqaas.

Legislation of the Adhaan.

2nd year of Hijrah:

Safar:

: The expedition of Abwaa. /Waddaan.*

(Allaah's Messenger (مسلى الله عليه و سلم) went out, leaving Sa`d ibn `Ubaadah in charge of al-Madeenah.)

Rabee`ul-Aakhir:

: The expedition of Bu'aat.*

Jumaadal-Oolaa:

: The expedition of Ushayrah.*

Jumaadal-Aakhirah:

: The first expedition of Badr.*

Rajab:

: The raid of `Abdullaah ibn Jahsh.

Sha`baan:

: The changing of the Qiblah from Jerusalem to the Ka'bah.

The obligation of Fasting in Ramadaan.

Ramadaan:

- : The Greater Battle of Badr.*
- : The death of Ruqayyah (daughter of the Prophet صلى الله عليه و سلم)

: The obligation of Zaakatul-Fitr.

Shawwaal:

: The attack upon Banoo Sulaym.*

AKN ABUUI ISL reading the Message : Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) consummated his marriage with 'Aa.ishah (or it is said: in Shawwaal of the first year.)

Dhul-Hijjah

: The expedition of as-Saweeq.*

3rd year of Hijrah:

Muharram/Safar:

: The expedition of Dhee Amarr.*

Rabee`ul-Awwal:

: `Uthmaan married Umm Kulthoom (daughter of the Prophet صلى الله عليه و سلم)

Rabee`ul-Aakhir:

: The expedition of Buhraan.*

The expedition of Banoo Qaynuqaa.*

The killing of Ka`b ibn Ashraf.

Jumaadal-Aakhirah:

: `Uthmaan consummated his marriage with Umm Kulthoom-daughter of Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم)

Ramadaan:

: Faatimah gave birth to al-Hasan ibn `Alee ibn Abee Taalib and in the same year became pregnant with al-Husain.

Shawwaal:

: The Battle of Uhud.*

: The expedition of Hamraa. al-Asad.*

Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) married Hafsah - daughter of `Umar.

Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) married Zaynab bint Khuzaymah al-Hilaaliyyah, known as 'Ummul-Masaakeen' for her fine treatment of the poor and needy (and she died in his (صلى الله عليه و سلم) lifetime and it is said 2 or 3 months after the marriage.)

4th year of Hijrah:

Safar:

: The expedition of ar-Rajee'.



: The incident of Bi.r Ma`oonah.

Rabee` ul-Awwal:

: The expedition of Banun-Nadeer.*

The Qunoot of Allaah's Messenger (مسلى الله عليه و سلم) for one month against those who had killed his Companions at Bi.r Ma`oonah.

Jumaadal-Oolaa:

: `Abdullaah ibn `Uthmaan ibn `Affaan- son of `Uthmaan and Ruqayyah (daughter of Muhammad (صلى الله عليه و سلم) died at the age of 6, he (صلى الله عليه و سلم) prayed over him, and `Uthmaan put him in his grave.

Jumaadal-Aakhirah:

: Aboo Salamah, `Abdullaah ibn `Abdul-Asad died (he had accepted Islaam on the same day as `Uthmaan, Aboo `Ubaydah and al-Akram ibn Abil-Akram). He died as a result of wounds suffered at Uhud.

: The expedition of Dhaatur-Riqaa'.*

Sha`baan:

: al-Husain ibn `Alee ibn Abee Taalib born.

: The expedition of Badr al-Maw`id (Third Badr.)*

Shawwaal:

: Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) married Umm Salamah.

5th year of Hijrah:

Rabee`ul Awwal:

: The expedition of Doomatul-Jandal.*

Shawwaal:

: The Battle of the Trench (al-Khandaq)/ 'al-Ahzaab' (the Confederates).*

Dhul-Qa`dah:

: The Battle of Banoo Qurayzah.*

: The Prophet (مسلى الله عليه و سلم) married Zaynab bint Jahsh, and the prescription of the Hijaab came about on the day after her wedding.

6th year of Hijrah:

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Jumaadal-Oolaa:

: The expedition of Banoo Lahyaan.*

The raid of Dhee Qarad (or it is said: it occurred three days before Khaybar, which was in the 7th year).*

Sha`baan:

: The expedition of Banul-Mustaliq/al-Muraysee'.*

: Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) married Juwayriyah bint al-Haarith.

: The incident of the slanderous lie against `Aa.ishah.

Dhul-Qa`dah:

: The expedition of Hudaybiyyah.*

: The Pledge (Bai`ah) of Ridwaan.

The prohibition of Muslim women being married to Unbelieving men.

7th year of Hijrah:

Muharram:

: The expedition of Khaybar.*

: The marriage of Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) to Safiyyah.

: The arrival of Ja`far and the Muslims of Abyssinia, and Aboo Moosaa al-Ash'aree and Aboo Hurairah.

: The incident of the poisoned sheep.

The conquest of Waadee al-Quraa.*

The conquest of Fadak.

The marriage of Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) to Umm Habeebah Ramlah bint Abee Sufyaan.

Dhul-Qa`dah:

: The `Umrah of retribution.

: The marriage of Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) to Maymoonah.

8th year of Hijrah:

At the start of the year: The death of Zaynab (daughter of Allaah's Messenger صلى الله عليه و سلم)

Jumaadal-Oolaa/al-Aakhirah:

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: The battle of Mu.tah against the Byzantines.

Ramadaan:

: The Conquest of Makkah.*

The sending of Khaalid ibn al- Waleed to the tribe of Jadheemah.

The sending of Khaalid ibn al- Waleed to destroy the idol al-`Uzzaa.

The sending of Jareer ibn `Abdillaah al-Bajalee to destroy Dhul-Khalasah in Yemen (an idol people had set up in rivalry to the Ka`bah, known as the Ka`bah of Yemen).

Shawwaal:

: The battle of Hunayn.*

: The Siege of at-Tai.if.*

Dhul-Qa`dah:

: The `Umrah from al-Ji`raanah and then the return to al-Madeenah at the end of the month.

Dhul-Hijjah:

: The birth of Ibraaheem – the son of Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) from Maariyah al-Qubtiyyah [he died at the age of one year and ten months].

9th year of Hijrah:

(This year is known as 'The year of the Deputations' [`Aamul- Wafood.])

Rajab:

: The expedition of Tabook/ 'al-`Usrah' (hardship),* returning in Ramadaan.

The killing of `Urwah ibn Mas`ood ath-Thaqafee, a chief of the people of at-Taa.if, when he returned to call his people to Islaam.

Ramadaan:

: Demolition of 'Masjidud-Diraar'.

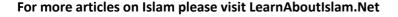
The arrival and departure of Thaqeef and many deputations.

Sha`baan:

: The death of Umm Kulthoom, daughter of Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم)

Dhul-Qa'dah:

: The death of `Abdullaah ibn Ubayy ibn Salool - head of the Hypocrites.



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Dhul-Hijjah:

: The Hajj is led by Aboo Bakr who was accompanied by `Alee.

10th year of Hijrah:

1st or 2nd Rabee`:

: The sending of Khaalid ibn Waleed to Banul-Haarith ibn al-Ka`b in Najraan to call them to Islaam.

The sending of Aboo Moosa and Mu`aadh ibn Jabal to Yemen.

The sending of `Alee ibn Abee Taalib and Khaalid ibn al-Waleed to Yemen.

The death of Ibraaheem, the son of Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم)

The Farewell Hajj (Hajjatul-Wadaa`) and the return to al-Madeenah.

11th year of Hijrah:

12th Rabee `ul-Awwal:

: The passing away of Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم)

References:

(i) 'al-Fusool fee Seeratir-Rasool (صلى الله عليه و سلم)', &

(ii) 'as-Seeratun-Nabawiyyah' : both by al-Haafiz Ibn Katheer-(رَحِمَهُ اللهُ).

(iii) 'Zaadul-Ma`aad' of Imaam Ibnul-Qayyim-(رَحِمَهُ اللهُ).

[*: indicates that Allaah's Messenger (صلى الله عليه و سلم) went along with the expedition or took part in the battle himself]

